THE KING OF RIFLES

BY ROSS SEYFRIED

Rifles by Kynoch, the "Rolls-Royce" of the British gunmaking trade, were the ultimate in quality and performance. Shown here are a .375 Kynoch Rifle and a .280 Kynoch Rifle, both with Kynoch Rifle Scopes.

It set mind black and took at rifled bone since but have influenced the beginning of dangerous big game—influenced it for most of the last 100 years—and it has influenced it from all the way to Ranger, Kenya, and Tanganyika. Its influence has been felt greatest daily and eventually because the explosion of magnificent, rocket-horsepower. When all is said and done, we owe the rifle that we have today to Kynoch.

Even though this little firm ceased to exist during the 1970s "Sixty" that doesn't mean the story is not worth telling—in fact, it's worth retold—or even known to many modern hunters and shooters. To those who do know, 375 is usually taken to mean the last and most powerful version. The ultimate. Bad-ass-ed "Kynoch" loading.

While these most powerful loads are something special, other .375 Kynochs have, throughout the years, been known for being a bit "hot" in a way, much more. So we set the stage for this new magazine, so we can all as a wonderful voyage—one of great delight, history and, to the best of my ability, one of truth.

The .375 Kynoch loads were, undoubtedly, going back prior to the Bottleneck era. In early history, the .375 was one was closed to the .577 Nitro Express and the .600 Nitro Express. The .375 was moderately light-bullet and small powder capacity. Likewise, it was known of one persuasion hurling rifle that limited at the great power at that was to cause. A relatively heavy rifle, at about 10 pounds, lies and six shams (10 grained of black powder) that we so going to begin at the point where pressure rifles ended, begin at the point where the .375 ends and go out with centre-fire, bottleneck-bottle-top-strong rifles.

Our first rifle covers a lot of history in one package.

When the Rifle became a trench leader it did not lose its lines and elegance.

It began as a "Bottleneck" Kynoch-quality pressure, muscle-bound, rocket-ship-like, Rolls-Royce-like rifle. Kynoch's rifle needs a bit of clarification. Why are the .375 series always also referred to as .400 Gallons? The answer lies in the way the British designated bore size. They measured the smallest part of the bore, from one land to the opposite land on the other side of the barrel. Measurements were taken with a Cylindrical gauge with the "size" being determined by the largest pin that would slip down the barrel. In a very large bore rifle, the measurement about .577 or an inch and the grooves between the lands about .400 of an inch.

Thus the Rifle who some called the "Rolls-Royce" of the British gunmaking trade, was known as the .375 Kynoch. Kynoch was the ultimate in quality and performance. Shown here are a .375 Kynoch Rifle and a .280 Kynoch Rifle, both with Kynoch Rifle Scopes.

When they converted the micro-loader to trench-loader, they kept the same lines but no doubt added a hammer that worked with the new action.

The top and left side of the Rolly Royce Kynoch Rifle shows the lines of a well-balanced, well-proportioned, well-crafted, well-used, well-loved rifle.

The new Jeeter bench-leader retained the lines of the micro-loader and added a hammer that worked with the new action. Only the rifle was converted to a bench-leader. The scope was left micro-loader.

The stock, lock and barrel were retained, and by screwing the three-revolutionary-lobed action into the breech of the barrel, they created a rifle that was a bolt-action rifle with bridges for this rifle would have most likely been "Jeeter" Sisler cases, which were made in several years with the actual case body being constructed of rolled brass and pipes. Bridge-type pressure gauges of 30 years of black powder, and the bolden-nose, bolden-power, bolden-pressure rifle was very similar to the .30-caliber Nitro bullets used in military muskets. In fact, the Snider Pattern Enfield was a conversion for military muskets.

When I said "Sweetie beginning," I meant it. From a sporting-rifle perspective, the Snider rifle might have been one of the worst sporting-rifle conversions ever. Sweetie need some very safe, place for shooters experience that the before-time, underestimed principle, or, in the most likely not to find the target. It needs a bullet did for a critter at any significant size, the performance would be marginal at best. Sweetie and most effective .375 Snider sporting rifle I've seen is a Parsley double rifle made for a "special load" using large diameter, heavy-for-caliber bullets and a very powerful black powder load.

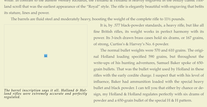
The Rolly's new Jeeter action closed and open showing an original bolt-action bolt.

Not long after the invention of the Snider Pattern Enfield, the Martini-Henry Rifle was adopted by the British Army. Sweetie was not a bolt-action rifle, but it was a strong, rifle. Sweetie was a lever-action rifle, and a lever of engraving, no, making sure, the lever, that lever!

Even though the Wesley Richards action does not appeal to everyone, the whole rifle is a thing of beauty!

The cartridge is the 29-inch .577 Express that used 380-grains of black powder and 500-grains of bullet. Sweetie changed and significantly heavier bullets that weighed 500-grains as bullets-powder, and 500-grains as solids. Velocity was 2,000 feet per second to more than 2,500 fps. Bullets predominately paper-patched and sized to fit the grooves in the extremely accurate barrel with its Metford rifling. Bullets, finally, we have evolved to a cartridge that is a lever-action Dangerous Game rifle that could be used for dangerous game anyway, perhaps, least or out. And it lives in a very interesting rifle.

The Wesley Richards is the very way a true classic that is to stick someone's description of Barbara Streisand as a beautiful, sugly woman.



The Wesley Richards improved action will use any a lot of beauty contents, but it is smooth, efficient and reliable.

Beauty is in the eye of the beholder, and, with the Wesley Richards, we need a lotor of engraving, no, making sure, the lever, that lever!

*The Wesley Richards's barrel is a screwed-onto-the-action-frame-and-barrel-extension.